

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A separator of a fuel cell, the separator comprising a solid-state, amorphous alloy.
2. The separator of claim 1, which has a corrosion rate approximately less than or equal to $20 \mu\text{A}/\text{cm}^2$ in a hydrogen-saturated solution having a temperature of 130°C and a pH of 3.
3. The separator of claim 1, wherein the solid-state, amorphous alloy has a fracture toughness of greater than or equal to $5 \text{ (ksi)}\text{-(in}^{1/2}\text{)}$.
4. The separator of claim 1, wherein the solid-state, amorphous alloy has an elastic limit greater than or equal to 1% .
5. The separator of claim 1, wherein the solid-state, amorphous alloy has a composition represented by the formula, $(\text{Zr, Ga})_a(\text{Ti, P, W})_b(\text{V, Nb, Cr, Hf, Mo, C})_c(\text{Ni})_d(\text{Cu})_e(\text{Fe, Co, Mn, Ru, Ag, Pd})_f(\text{Be, Si, B})_g(\text{Al})_h$, where $a+b+c$ is 15 to 75 atomic%, $d+e+f$ is 5 to 75 atomic%, and $g+h$ is 0 to 50 atomic%, provided that $a+b+c+d+e+f+g+h$ is 100 atomic%.
6. The separator of claim 5, wherein the solid-state, amorphous alloy has a composition of $\text{Zr}_{41}\text{Ti}_{14}\text{Ni}_{10}\text{Cu}_{12.5}\text{Be}_{22.5}$.
7. The separator of claim 5, wherein the solid-state, amorphous alloy has a composition of one of: $\text{Fe}_{72}\text{Al}_5\text{Ga}_2\text{P}_{11}\text{C}_6\text{B}_4$ and $\text{Fe}_{72}\text{Al}_7\text{Zr}_{10}\text{Mo}_5\text{W}_2\text{B}_{15}$.
8. A fuel cell, comprising:
an anode;
a cathode;
an electrolyte membrane disposed between the anode and the cathode,
being on a first side of the anode and the cathode; and

at least one separator proximate to one of: the anode and the cathode, the separator being disposed on a side of the anode/cathode opposite to the electrolyte membrane, and comprising a solid-state, amorphous alloy.

9. The fuel cell of claim 8, wherein the at least one separator has a corrosion rate less than or equal to $20 \mu\text{A}/\text{cm}^2$ in a hydrogen-saturated solution having a temperature of 130°C and a pH of 3.

10. The fuel cell of claim 8, wherein the solid-state amorphous alloy has a fracture toughness of greater than or equal to $5 (\text{ksi})\text{-(in}^{1/2})$.

11. The fuel cell of claim 8, wherein the solid-state, amorphous alloy has an elastic limit greater than or equal to 1%.

12. The fuel cell of claim 8, wherein the solid-state, amorphous alloy has a composition represented by the formula, $(\text{Zr, Ga})_a(\text{Ti, P, W})_b(\text{V, Nb, Cr, Hf, Mo, C})_c(\text{Ni})_d(\text{Cu})_e(\text{Fe, Co, Mn, Ru, Ag, Pd})_f(\text{Be, Si, B})_g(\text{Al})_h$, where $a+b+c$ is 15 to 75 atomic%, $d+e+f$ is 5 to 75 atomic%, and $g+h$ is 0 to 50 atomic%, provided that $a+b+c+d+e+f+g+h$ is 100 atomic%.

13. The fuel cell of claim 12, wherein the solid-state, amorphous alloy has a composition of $\text{Zr}_{41}\text{Ti}_{14}\text{Ni}_{10}\text{Cu}_{12.5}\text{Be}_{22.5}$.

14. The fuel cell of claim 12, wherein the amorphous alloy has a composition of one of: $\text{Fe}_{72}\text{Al}_5\text{Ga}_2\text{P}_{11}\text{C}_6\text{B}_4$ and $\text{Fe}_{72}\text{Al}_7\text{Zr}_{10}\text{Mo}_5\text{W}_2\text{B}_{15}$.

15. A method of manufacturing a separator of a fuel cell, the separator comprising a solid-state, amorphous alloy, the method comprising:

preparing a melt to transform the solid-state, amorphous alloy;
feeding the melt into a mold provided with a mold cavity having a shape corresponding to the separator; and
cooling the melt in the mold cavity at a cooling rate higher than a critical cooling rate to transform the melt into an amorphous phase.

16. The method of claim 15, wherein the solid-state, amorphous alloy has a corrosion rate less than or equal to $20 \mu\text{A}/\text{cm}^2$ in a hydrogen-saturated solution having a temperature of 130°C and a pH of 3.
17. The method of claim 15, wherein the solid-state, amorphous alloy has a fracture toughness greater than or equal to $5 \text{ (ksi)}\text{-(in}^{1/2}\text{)}$.
18. The method of claim 15, wherein the solid-state, amorphous alloy has an elastic limit greater than or equal to 1%.
19. The method of claim 15, wherein the solid-state, amorphous alloy has a composition represented by the formula, $(\text{Zr, Ga})_a(\text{Ti, P, W})_b(\text{V, Nb, Cr, Hf, Mo, C})_c(\text{Ni})_d(\text{Cu})_e(\text{Fe, Co, Mn, Ru, Ag, Pd})_f(\text{Be, Si, B})_g(\text{Al})_h$, where $a+b+c$ is 15 to 75 atomic%, $d+e+f$ is 5 to 75 atomic%, and $g+h$ is 0 to 50 atomic%, provided that $a+b+c+d+e+f+g+h$ is 100 atomic%.
20. The method of claim 19, wherein the solid-state, amorphous alloy has a composition of one of: $\text{Zr}_{41}\text{Ti}_{14}\text{Ni}_{10}\text{Cu}_{12.5}\text{Be}_{22.5}$, $\text{Fe}_{72}\text{Al}_5\text{Ga}_2\text{P}_{11}\text{C}_6\text{B}_4$ and $\text{Fe}_{72}\text{Al}_7\text{Zr}_{10}\text{Mo}_5\text{W}_2\text{B}_{15}$.